

An Unavoidable Expectation of United States' Executive Order Diplomatic Strategies for the Deportation of Undocumented Immigrants back to their Original Homelands Beginning in 2025

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Abstract: The analyses of the contemporary challenges already facing by identified undocumented immigrants who infiltrated into the United States' territorial spaces are presently facing serious challenges with expectation to be received back home in an unexpected occurrence neither the concerns citizens nor their governments ever thought of. But, President Donald Trump gave full promises during his Presidential campaign in 2024 to put in full practices his deportation agenda as a means of relieving the U.S in several ways ranging from securing specific jobs to real Americans and security considerations by bringing in new dimensions of his Executive Orders (EO). In fact, the African Continent is actually affected as well as other Continents like South America, Asia, Australasian and Europe. For example, the overall total African involved for the 45 countries stood at 37,186 citizens representing 02.57 percent of a total of 1,445, 549 to be deported in different countries around the World. Therefore, Executive Order (EO) is essentially statements about how the president wants the federal government to be managed, which can mean instructions to federal agencies or requests for reports. An executive order is a directive by the president of the United States that manages operations of the federal government. They allow a president to wield power without action from Congress, but there are limits to what orders can achieve. Executive orders can also play an important role in laying out major policy agendas. While these orders are legally binding, they are not legislation as they don't require approval from Congress. It doesn't necessarily mean the president can enact orders without challenge, as Congress could still block an order from being fulfilled by removing funding or creating other hurdles. In fact, the scrutiny of specialized sources and documentaries facilitate us to use a historical approach by bringing out statistical analyses of each Continent then ranking countries concerns. This paper opens new research avenues to students of International Relations and related field of studies in the contemporary era as the actions of the EO will be having several consequences of U.S bilateral and multilateral partners around the World and especially if deported to new resettlement camps in Southern America. Then, for Continents like Africa and Asia which are still suffering from the challenges of slavery and slave trade, colonization and neo-colonialism alongside sporadic crises and conflicts which acted like push and pull factors to some of the victims, there is high needs of revising strategic policies at the national levels on practical modalities of receiving the unexpected citizens and settling them not to become more dangerous to different community of settlement. This is also a big lesson to the aspiring youths still having ambitions to negotiating their ways out clandestinely through certain agencies that cannot presently support different governments to receive back those citizens expected to be deported from the United States which are bringing much panicking and great fears at different levels on country's and continental considerations under confusion.

Keywords: Executive Order, Deportation, Undocumented Immigrants, Homelands, Expectation, Crackdown.

INTRODUCTION

In the history of the United States of America, only a sitting President can overturn an existing EO as the incoming will often issue orders to cancel or modify those of their predecessors. Other presidential documents such as proclamations and political memorandums can

also be similar to Eos, but have different purposes as illustrated in the first half of the 3rd decade of the 21st Century by President Donald Trump .This is happening at the moment the U.S is considered as the hyper-global power since the down of the Cold War in the 1990s and disintegration of the Soviet Union into Independent of Commonwealth States in Eastern Europe. There have

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been several thousand EOs signed throughout U.S history which were not more globally shaking and seemingly to bring much frustration and diplomatic challenges between the U.S and its bilateral and multilateral partners around the World as it is proving recently with series of agitations in the mindset of Governments whose citizens are identified as undocumented resident without full resident permit nor naturalisation in the American territorial spaces. It is true, that those EOs are going to bring a lot of hardship and imminent internal crisis in some countries whose undocumented citizens though they were already in heavenly country while hiding in some American States hoping never to return to their respective home lands. During the first term of office "Presidents Donald Trump signed 220 EOs while Joe Biden signed 160. From his inauguration on 20 January 2025, Trump declared the "golden age of America begins right now" and decreed that the nation's challenges would be "annihilated" in his inaugural presidential address. Trump immediately revoked a number of executive actions made during the Biden administration and made it clear he is looking to expand U.S oil drilling, pardon some of the January 6 rioters, impose heavy tariffs on a number of countries and shut down migration at the southern U.S border as the 47th U.S President (AP Photo/Morry Gash, Pool). His rhetoric around migration continued with the signing of an EO that declared a "national emergency" at the US and Mexico border. "America's sovereignty is under attack," the order said. "Our southern border is overrun by cartels, criminal gangs, known terrorists, human traffickers, smugglers, unvented military-age males from foreign adversaries and illicit narcotics that harm Americans, including America (www.nbcnews.com › news › investigations What we know about Trump's mass deportation plans and ICE raids, January 21, 2025). He further declared that "to protect the security and safety of U.S citizens, to protect each of the States against invasion and to uphold my duty to take care that the laws be faithfully executed, it is my responsibility as president to ensure that the illegal entry of aliens into the U.S via the southern border be immediately and entirely stopped." In fact, Trump rolled back a number of immigration policies announced by the Biden administration, and ordered the shutdown of the CBP One app. Migrants seeking asylum in the U.S gather near the fence on the U.S-Mexico border, as they wait to be processed.(Reuters: Jose Luis Gonzalez) as indicated on images ahead of this study. The app allowed migrants to schedule appointments to gain entry into the US and was

previously credited by officials as streamlining the border crossing process.

In addition, President Trump also ordered an end to releasing migrants in the U.S while they await immigration court hearings as part of his remaining in Mexico policy and an end seekers. It is expected his border policies could result in mass deportations, and Mexico President Claudia Sheinbaum has previously signaled her desire to help those impacted by the changes. (www.aljazeera.com › news › 2025/1/29US President Trump to transfer undocumented immigrants to ...). He also moved to consider designating cartels as "foreign terrorist organisations", and called them an international security threat. Southern border was a part of his plan to bring them under control, declared the Federal Government would recognise only two genders male and female and would roll back previous legislation that enshrines the protection of transgender people. The order would also remove the word "gender" from federal documents and replace it with "sex". While the Federal Government has no control over how people identify, it can enforce the declaration on documents such as passports and visas. (www.nbcnewyork.com › news › trump-executive-ordersDonald Trump executive orders: See Day 1 list – NBC New York, Jan 21, 2025 · Donald Trump). American civil rights organisations seeming having contrarily views just like other protesters against the recent Trump's hard Eos in U.S history. But, our concern in this paper is to bring out statistical analyses of each continent with country's share of the expected undocumented citizens published generally by ICE. The calculation of global percentages and continental rankings are well illustrated concerning the case of African countries which is our main attractive focus as a means of enlightening the youths on the dangerous clandestine international migration in search of greener pastures according to them in a much easier and cheapest means which are mostly characterized by the practicing of illegal deals and transactions mentioned above outlined by the U.S authorities. Tables on the other continents like Asia, Australasian, Central and South Americas, and Europe are arranged in alphabetical order with continental rankings. The statistics are very important to other researchers as it opens new research path to students of international relations and related field of studies at all levels of scientific research.

1. Statistical Tables Presenting of the estimated Number of Undocumented Immigrants due Deportation and Country Ranking 2025

Table No. 1: 45 African Continental Classification in Alphabetical order: Non-Citizens of the ICE Non-Detained Docket with Final Order of Removal by Country of Citizenship of the 45 African Countries Spotted in terms of percentages of the total 1,445,549 published.

No	45 Countries with MDCURI	Estimated number of undocumented Immigrants Per Country / 1,445,549	GlobalU.S Percentages Number per country/Total *100 %	African Continental Ranking
1	Algeria	306	0.0211	25
2	Angola	662	0.0458	17

3	Benin	102	0.000706	32
4	Botswana	12	0.008301	41
5	Burkina-Faso	303	0.0209	26
6	Burundi	462	0.0319	19
7	Cameroon	1,736	0.120	6
8	Cape Verde	314	0.0217	24
9	Central African Republic	02	0.000138	42
10	Chad	169	0.01169	29
11	Congo	795	0.05499	15
12	Djibouti	29	0.002006	36
13	Egypt	1,461	0.10106	9
14	Equitorial Guinea	20	0.00138	37
15	Eritrea	973	0.06731	13
16	Ethiopia	1,713	0.1185	7
17	Gabon	60	0.00415	34
18	Ghana	3,228	0.2233	4
19	Guinea	1,897	0.13123	5
20	Ivory Coast	1,224	0.08467	11
21	Kenya	1,282	0.08868	10
22	Liberia	1,563	0.11082	8
23	libya	89	0.006156	33
24	Malawi	56	0.00387	35
25	Mali	929	0.0642	14
26	Mauritania	3,822	0.26439	2
27	Mauritius	15	0.001037	39
28	Mozambique	14	0.000968	40
29	Namibia	19	0.00131	38
30	Niger	642	0.04441	16
31	Nigeria	3,690	0.25526	3
32	Rwanda	338	0.02338	23
33	Sao Tome and Principe	1	0.00006917	43
34	Sierra Leone	1,563	0.10812	8
35	South Africa	379	0.02621	22
36	South Sudan	136	0.009408	31
37	Somalia	4,090	0.2829	1
38	Sudan	1,012	0.07000	12
39	Switzerland	60	0.00415	34
40	Togo	427	0.02953	20
41	Tanzania	301	0.020822	27
42	Tunisia	160	0.011068	30
43	Uganda	393	0.027186	21
44	Zambia	174	0.012036	28
45	Zimbabwe	545	0.037701	18
TOTAL	45 African Countries	37,186 Citizens expected to be deported	ALL UNKNOWN	1,451

Source: These statistics are done by us with information from diverse sources.

The percentages and ranks are calculated by us considering the publication of individual country's number over the total estimated deported number of 1,445,549 undocumented citizens around the World based in different American States. U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE). Enforcement and Removal Operations (ERO), realised on 24 November 2024 with total 1,445,549 Noncitizens breakdown by

county citizenship. Online. The table above brings out countries involves in the expectation of their deportation citizenship from U.S in alphabetical order, total number of citizens identified, percentages and rankings using the general figure with formula: Total number of specific country divided by total published by U.S ICE then multiplied by a one hundred to get the above percentages.

Table No. 2: Ranking of 45 African States by number of MDCURI

Ranking No.	Countries	Total Estimated number of undocumented Immigrants
1	Somalia	4,090
2	Mauritania	3,822
3	Nigeria	3,690
4	Ghana	3,228
5	Guinea	1,897
6	Cameroon	1,736
7	Ethiopia	1,713
8	Sierra Leone and Liberia	1,563, 1, 563
9	Egypt	1,461
10	Kenya	1,282
11	Ivory Coast	1,224
12	Sudan	1,012
13	Eritrea	973
14	Mali	929
15	Congo	795
16	Niger	642
17	Angola	662
18	Zimbabwe	545
19	Burundi	462
20	Togo	427
21	Uganda	393
22	South Africa	379
23	Rwanda	338
24	Cape Verde	314
25	Algeria	306
26	Burkina-Faso	303
27	Tanzania	301
28	Zambia	174
29	Chad	169
30	Tunisia	160
31	South Sudan	136
32	Benin	102
33	libya	89
34	Switzerland and Gabon	60, 60
35	Malawi	56
36	Djibouti	29
37	Equitorial Guinea	20
38	Namibia	19
39	Mauritius	15
40	Mozambique	14
41	Botswana	12
42	Central African Republic	02
43	Sao Tome and Principe	01
	Total =45 Countries	Total =37,186/1,445,549 Representing 02,57 percent

Source: These statistics are done by us with information from diverse sources.

The percentages and ranks are calculated by us considering the publication of individual country's number over the total estimated deported number of 1,445,549 undocumented citizens around the World based in different American States. U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE). Enforcement and Removal Operations (ERO), realised on 24 November 2024 with total 1,445,549 Noncitizens breakdown by county citizenship. Online. NB. The UNKNOWN figure

stood at 1,451 of which there may be stressed some from specific African countries as well as in other Continent. So, each country should expect to have a minimum number of those unidentified citizens who may likely shown up their final destinations when matters of deportation will be more effective respecting the Executive Order of the U.S President Donald Trump.

Looking on the statistics of the table No. 2, it can be noted that there are top 12 countries with number of expected deportations of undocumented citizens ranging from thousands in Somalia, Mauritania, Ghana, Nigeria, Guinea, Cameroon, Ethiopia, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Egypt, Kenya, Ivory Coast and Sudan. The rest of the countries are expecting below one thousand of the undocumented Diasporas from the United States but are not free from the unforeseen crisis that may be cropping if those deported are not appropriately checked, control and settle in specific areas to find out what were their activities in United States within the period of

settlements. It is likely that many might have been engaged on certain illegal business activities and transactions which cannot be known but detrimental to the development mankind and the State as international relations analysts, State actors and non-State actors holds in the context of clandestine migration. In fact, table No. 2 indicated 45 African countries expecting about 37,186 of its undocumented citizens to be deported representing 02.57 percent of the overall total of 1,445,549 published by the U.S Agencies in charge of Immigration related investigation.

Table No. 3: 37 Asian Continental Classifications: Non-Citizens of the ICE Non-Detained Docket with Final Order of Removal by Country of Citizenship of the 37 Asian Countries Spotted.

No.	37 Countries in Alphabetical Order	Total Estimated number of undocumented Immigrants per Country / 1,445,549	Asian Continental Ranking	
1	Afganistan	1,365	11	
2	Bahrain	17	29	
3	Bangladesh	4,837	5 *	
4	Bhutan	122	25	
5	Brunei	4	31	
6	Burma	679	17	
7	China Peoples Republic	82	28	
8	Hong-Kong	122	25	
9	India	17,940	1 *	
10	Indonesia	4,276	6 *	
11	Iran	2,618	9 *	
12	Iraq	1,299	12	
13	Israel	1,148	13	
14	Japan	281	23	
15	Jordan	1,660	10	
16	Korea	1,229	12	
17	Kuwait	146	24	
18	Kosovo	118	26	
19	Laos	4,850	4 *	
20	Lebanon	1,055	14	
21	Malaysia	435	21	
22	Mongolia	461	20	
23	Nepal	1,365	11	
24	Oman	6	30	
25	Pakistan	7,760	3 *	
26	Philippines	3,772	7	
27	Macou	2	32	
28	Saudi Arabia	337	24	
29	Singapore	111	27	
30	Sri Lanka	3,065	8 *	
31	South Korea	837	15	
33	Syria	741	16	
33	Taiwan	392	22	
34	Thailand	619	18	
35	United Arab Emirates	21	29	
36	Vietnam	8,675	2 *	
37	Yemen	558	19	
TOTAL	37 ASIAN COUNTRIES	ESTIMATED TOTAL: 73,008/1,445,549 representing a total of 5.05033percent	ALL UNKNOWN	1,451

Source: These statistics are done by us with information from diverse sources.

The percentages and ranks are calculated by us considering the publication of individual country's number over the total estimated deported number of 1,445,549 undocumented citizens around the World based in different American States. U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE). Enforcement and Removal Operations (ERO), realised on 24 November

2024 with total 1,445,549 Noncitizens breakdown by county citizenship. Online.

From the table above, the TOP 10 countries to receive highest number of diasporas undocumented citizens are indicated with asterisk in bold marking. They includes **Bangladesh, India, Indonesia, Pakistan, Philippines Sri Lanka, Vietnam and Laos.**

Table No. 4: 6 Australasian Classifications: Non-Citizens of the ICE Non-Detained Docket with Final Order of Removal by Country of Citizenship of the 6 Australasian Countries Spotted.

No.	6 Countries in Alphabetical Order	Total Estimated number of undocumented Immigrants per Country / 1,445,549	Australasian Ranking
1	Australia	261	2
2	Fiji	353	1
3	New Zealand	166	3
4	Papau New Guina	5	5
5	Solomon Islands	3	6
6	Samoa	57	4
TOTAL	6 COUNTRIES	ESTIMATED TOTAL:845/1,445,549 Representing 0,0585 percent	ALL UNKNOWN 1,451

Source: These statistics are done by us with information from diverse sources.

The percentages and ranks are calculated by us considering the publication of individual country's number over the total estimated deported number of 1,445,549 undocumented citizens around the World based in different American States. U.S Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE). Enforcement and Removal Operations (ERO), released on 24 November 2024 with total 1,445,549 Noncitizens breakdown by county citizenship. Online.

Concerning the Australasian classification on table No. 4 above, it has a total of 845 undocumented immigrants as its citizens representing about 0,0585 percent of the overall total. The first TOP three countries of the six involved are Fiji, Australia and New Zealand. The authorities of those countries have to develop more appropriate welcoming measures with enough security requirements when receiving and settlement of those diasporas back home making preventive measures against any negative escalations provoke by them.

Table No. 5: 56 European Continental Classification: Non-Citizens of the ICE Non-Detained Docket with Final Order of Removal by Country of Citizenship of the 56 European Countries Spotted.

No.	56 Countries in Alphabetical Order	Total Estimated number of undocumented Immigrants per Country / 1,445,549	European Continental Ranking
1	Albania	1,874	6
2	Armenia	2,808	4
3	Austria	60	34
4	Azerbaijan	709	13
5	Bahamas	426	15
6	Belarus	323	19
7	Belgium	46	36
8	Bermada	10	42
9	Bosnia -Herzegovina	166	28
10	Cambodia	1,747	8
1	Cyprus	14	41
12	Czechoslovakia	254	23
13	Denmark	45	37
14	Finland	22	39
15	France	406	16
16	Germany	571	14
17	Greece	211	24
18	Hungary	294	20
19	Ireland	171	26
20	Italy	355	18

21	Liechtenstein	1	48
22	Lithuania	259	22
23	Malta	8	43
24	Micronesia Federated States	72	31
25	Moldova	279	21
26	Monaco	1	48
27	Montenegro	68	32
28	Montserrat	8	43
29	Nepal	1,365	9
30	Netherlands	184	25
31	Netherlands Antilles	6	44
32	North Macedonia	341	18
33	Norway	39	38
34	Poland	2,303	5
35	Portugal	360	17
36	Romania	4,445	1
37	Qatar	10	42
38	Russia	3,518	2
39	Serbia	50	35
40	San Marino	2	47
41	Serbia and Montenegro	64	33
42	Seychelles	4	45
43	Slovakia	131	29
44	Solomon Islands	3	46
45	Spain	364	17
46	Suriname	137	27
47	Sweden	120	30
48	Switzerland	60	34
49	Turkiye	3,103	3
50	Turkmenistan	40	39
51	Turks and Caicos Islands	25	40
52	Ukraine	1,862	7
53	United Kingdom	1,152	10
54	USSR	337	19
55	Uzbekistan	975	11
56	Yugoslavia	845	12
	TOTAL: 56 COUNTRIES	EETIMATED TOTAL:33,121 /1,445,549 representing 02,291 percent	ALL UNKNOWN 1,451

Source: These statistics are done by us with information from diverse sources.

The percentages and ranks are calculated by us considering the publication of individual country's number over the total estimated deported number of 1,445,549 undocumented citizens around the World based in different American States. U.S Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE). Enforcement and Removal Operations (ERO), released on 24 November 2024 with total 1,445,549 Noncitizens breakdown by county citizenship. Online.

The TOP 10 Western and Eastern European countries expecting to receive their undocumented

Diasporas from the United States are indicated in bold on table No.5 above. They includes: Romania, Russia, Armenia, Albania, Cambodia, Ukraine, United Kingdom, Turkiye, Poland and Nepal whose numbers ranging above one thousand. Generally, about 56 European countries are indicated on the above table with number of spotted citizens indicated with ranks. The total for European Continent stood at 33,121 representing 02.291 percent. This is another serious international diplomatic challenges with the United States following the guidelines of the EO 2025 of President Donald Trump.

Table No. 6: 16 Central America and West Indies Continental Classification: Non-Citizens of the ICE Non-Detained Docket with Final Order of Removal by Country of Citizenship of the 16 Central America and West Indies Countries Spotted.

No.	16 Countries in Alphabetical Order	Total Estimated number of undocumented Immigrants per Country / 1,445,549	Central America and West Indies Continental Ranking
1	Bahamas	426	13
2	Barbados	151	14
3	Belize	899	12
4	Costa Rica	2,116	10
5	Cuba	42,084	6
6	Dominica Republic	12,699	8
7	El Salvador	203,822	4
8	Guatemala	253,415	2
9	Haiti	32,363	7
10	Honduras	261,651	1
11	Jamaica	5,120	9
12	Mexico	252,044	3
13	Nicaragua	45,995	5
14	Panama	662	12
15	Trinidad an Tobago	1,197	11
16	Dominica	104	15
	TOTAL: 16 COUNTRIES	EETIMATED TOTAL:1,114,750/1,445,549 representing 77,1160 percent	ALL UNKNOWN 1,451

Source: These statistics are done by us with information from diverse sources.

The percentages and ranks are calculated by us considering the publication of individual country's number over the total estimated deported number of 1,445,549 undocumented citizens around the World based in different American States. U.S Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE). Enforcement and Removal Operations (ERO) released on 24 November 2024 with total 1,445,549 Noncitizens breakdown by county citizenship Online.

From table No.6 above, it is general noticed that the 16 Countries of Central America and West Indies are having a total of 1,114,750 undocumented citizens resident in United States representing an estimated 77.1160 percent to be deported following EO of President Donald Trump. The TOP 10 Countries includes: Honduras, Guatemala, Mexico, El Salvador, Nicaragua, Cuba, Haiti, Dominica Republic, Jamaica and Costa Rica. Each of the mention country is having thousands of expected deported citizens excluding the

UNKNOWN which may still be having a portion of unidentified. The leaders of those countries like others elsewhere have to take appropriate measures when receiving the deported diasporas for security reasons because the type of activities some of those immigrants were involved may be too havocking back home. Investigations have to be opened to know each person's profile using smart diplomatic approaches in contact with the immigration services of the United States. In countries with reoccurring crisis of the contemporary era, serious attention have to be taking into consideration by avoiding worsening escalations from the incoming undocumented citizens with more security measures intensify. The consequences may be enormous concerning inter-American relations of the 21st Century in different sectors of bilateral and multilateral relations due to agitations cropping up from different governments following Trump new Presidential agenda of his EO of 2025 and beyond.

Table No. 7: 13 South America Continental Classifications: Non-Citizens of the ICE Non-Detained Docket with Final Order of Removal by Country of Citizenship of the 13 South America Countries Spotted.

No.	13 Countries in Alphabetical Order	Total Estimated number of undocumented Immigrants per Country / 1,445,549	South America Continental Ranking
1	Argentina	1,148	8
2	Bolivia	1,366	6
3	Brazil	38,699	1
4	Chile	1,137	9
5	Colombia	27,388	3
6	Euador	31,252	2
7	French Guiana	6	13
8	Guyana	1,236	7
9	Paraguay	197	11

10	Peru	13,769	5
11	Suriname	137	12
12	Uruguay	365	10
13	Venezuela	22,749	4
	TOTAL: 13 COUNTRIES	ESTIMATED TOTAL percent:139,449/1,445,549 representing 09,648	ALL UNKNOWN 1,451

Source: These statistics are done by us with information from diverse sources.

The percentages and ranks are calculated by us considering the publication of individual country's number over the total estimated deported number of 1,445,549 undocumented citizens around the World based in different American States. U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE). Enforcement and Removal Operations (ERO), realised on 24 November 2024 with total 1,445,549 Noncitizens breakdown by county citizenship Online.

Looking at table No. 7 above, countries of the South American Continent are having a total of approximately 139,449 identified undocumented citizens to be deported to their respective countries following the EO of the U.S President Donald Trump. Those figures represent 09.468 percent of the overall immigrants to be deported. The TOP 5 countries includes Brazil, Euador, Colombia, Venezuela and Peru having thousands of undocumented citizens who are likely involved in certain

illegal activities which may not not be welcoming back home. Challenges concerning drug trafficking, kidnapping, banditism among others are very dangerous to any society and different governments have to verify well the previous activities of those deported if not the community hosting them are exposed to dangerous activities ahead of their settlements in different localities.

1. The Way Forward to Strengthening the Implementation of President Trump Executive Order

The Realities of President Trump's first orders to face the contemporary challenges in U.S he signed his first few executive orders before the inaugural luncheon Monday afternoon. The orders appointed dozens of Cabinet-level officials and acting officials across the government, pending Senate confirmation of Trump's Cabinet nominees. Officials who were appointed in acting capacities via EO include the following on table No.8.

Table No. 8: 8 Officials Appointed for Executive Orders

No.	NAMES	PORTFOLIOS
1	James McHenry	Acting Attorney General
2	Robert Salesses	Acting Secretary of Defense
3	Dorothy Fink	Acting Secretary of Health and Human Services
4	Benjamin Huffman	Acting Secretary of Homeland Security
5	Mark Averill	Acting Secretary of the Army
6	Tom Sylvester	Acting CIA Director.
7	Mark Uyeda	Acting Chairman of the Securities and Exchange Commission
8	Andrew Ferguson	Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission

Sources: Compiled by us with information's from : www.newsweek.com › donald-trump-executive-orders Full List of Donald Trump's Executive Orders Signed in First ...

2. Applicable Strategies of tracking undocumented Immigrants in United States

President Trump officials also immediately shut down a Biden-era Customs and Border Protection app that allowed migrants to apply to legally enter the U.S. by seeking asylum. Trump signed a number of other executive actions at the Capital One Arena in Washington, D.C., where he addressed supporters in the late afternoon. The actions he signed included: The rescission of 78 Biden-era executive orders, actions and memoranda, A regulatory freeze preventing bureaucrats from issuing any more regulations until "we have full control" of the government, A freeze on all federal hiring except in the military and a number of other excluded categories, A requirement that federal workers return to full-time, in-person work., Directing agencies to address Americans' cost-of-living "crisis., Withdrawing from the

Paris Agreement and informing the United Nations of the U.S.'s withdrawal from the landmark climate treaty, A directive to the federal government "ordering the restoration of freedom of speech and preventing government censorship of free speech going forward." A directive to the Federal Government "ending the weaponization of government against the political adversaries of the previous administration, as we've seen." Trump then headed to the White House, where one of the first things he did was pardon more than 1,500 people convicted in connection to the deadly January 6, 2021, Capitol riot. Many of Trump's campaign promises may be able to be implemented by executive order, but others will require support from Congress. Republicans have a majority in the House and Senate, but their slim House majority and the existence of the Senate filibuster mean Trump will need cooperation from at least some

Democratic lawmakers to pass parts of his agenda. Many of these orders are likely to face legal challenges over the coming months, as liberal groups and watchdog organizations have pledged to sue the Trump administration over some of the president's campaign pledges. On Immigration challenges, Trump signed an executive order seeking to end birthright citizenship. The order will almost certainly face legal challenges, since birthright citizenship is enshrined in the U.S. Constitution. He also signed an order designating Mexican drug cartels and some other organizations to be foreign terrorist organizations. He also declared a national emergency at the southern border, allowing him to use federal funding to construct a wall along the U.S.-Mexico border without congressional approval. "That's a big one," Trump said while signing the order. "People have wanted to do this for years." He also reinstated the "Remain in Mexico" policy, which required asylum seekers to stay in Mexico while their cases go through courts in the U.S and he suspended the Refugee Admission Program "until such time as the further entry into the United States of refugees aligns with the interests of the United States." Immigration, Trump's signature issue, will be a focal point of several executive orders, especially his first few weeks in office. He promised mass deportations starting the first day of his administration, though these efforts are also likely to be challenged in court. (www.newsweek.com › donald-trump-executive-orders Full List of Donald Trump's Executive Orders Signed in First ...).

"While much of what is called for by the executive orders signed today will take time to implement, we will vigilantly monitor and be ready to challenge when they take effect," a spokesperson said. "We are exploring every legal avenue to challenge these unlawful and unconstitutional actions. This is not only about politics and ideology but also about real people's lives" and ordered the overturning of birthright citizenship. Birthright citizenship is enshrined in the 14th amendment of the US Constitution, and dictates: "All persons born or naturalised in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the state wherein they reside." It was adopted in 1868 to ensure citizenship for Black people. He said automatic citizenship was "just ridiculous" and said he was on "good legal ground" to change it. However he has already been challenged by the American Civil Liberties Union and other advocates. They have initiated a lawsuit over the order, arguing Mr Trump would be wrongly denying a right enshrined in the constitution. The lawsuit was filed by the ACLU, Asian Law Caucus, State Democracy Defenders Fund and Legal Defense Fund on behalf of organisations with members whose children were born on US soil and

would be denied citizenship. "Birthright citizenship embodies America's most fundamental promise: that all children born on our soil begin life as full and equal members of our national community, regardless of their parents' origins, status, or circumstances," according to the complaint filed in Concord, New Hampshire. "This principle has enabled generations of children to pursue their dreams and build a stronger America." Mr Trump will pardon or commute the sentences of 1,500 people in connection with the Capitol riots on January 6, 2021. Hundreds of Trump's supporters stormed the US Capitol after he made baseless claims that an election victory had been "stolen" from him. The Capitol riots were widely condemned by those on both sides of politics, and people were arrested in connection with the attack. Mr Trump has commuted the sentences of 14 people so far — including those of far-right activists — making them eligible to be freed straight away. He called the arrests and convictions a "grave national injustice" (www.aljazeera.com › news › 2025/1/29US President Trump to transfer undocumented immigrants to ...). The order has already been condemned by Senate Democratic Leader Chuck Schumer. "The people who invaded the Capitol on January 6th, whether they committed violence or not, should not have been pardoned," he said. "Donald Trump is ushering in a Golden Age for people that break the law and attempt to overthrow the government. Mr Trump said it was appropriate to rename the Gulf of Mexico to the Gulf of America, because "we do most of the work there". The Gulf is an ocean basin bounded by the US, Cuba and Mexico, and is an important centre of economic activity including maritime transport and oil and gas production. The name would be changed on US-used maps and in federal references, but other nations would not have an obligation to follow suit. Republican Congresswoman Marjorie Taylor Greene has previously signalled her support for the move, saying her staff would be working on the legislation. "Mexican cartels currently use the Gulf of Mexico to traffic humans, drugs, weapons, and God knows what else while the Mexican government allows them to do it," she said. The Mexican government has previously taken action against drug cartels in the Gulf region. "The American people are footing the bill to protect and secure the maritime waterways for commerce to be conducted," Ms Taylor Greene said. (Serena Seyfort, April Glover, 21 January, 2025). Migrants seeking asylum in the US gather near the fence on the US-Mexico border, as they wait to be processed. (Reuters: Jose Luis Gonzalez), other handcuffed entering the plane, police persuading and series of frustrating manifestations at Los Angeles sanctuary city as indicated on mages below.

Images of stranded immigrants as immediate actions of the EO.





Sources: The websites are related to the above images of indicating different situations of immigrants with some arrested and handcuffed, stranded in the airport and anti-Eos protesting. www.aljazeera.com › news › 2025/1/29 US President Trump to transfer undocumented immigrants to ...). www.cnn.com › 2025/01/22 › us Trump's deportation plan begins to take shape as immigrant ... Jan 22, 2025 · President Trump has vowed to clamp down on immigration and undo Biden-era policies that he said were too permissive and blamed for allowing a large influx of undocumented immigrants. Here's what ... www.bbc.com › news › articles ICE arrests 956 migrants as part of Trump's immigration ... - BBC 3 days ago · A nationwide immigration crackdown on Sunday resulted in the arrest of 956 people, the most since Donald Trump returned to power, according to Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE). A number...

2.2. Highlight of the Deportation Schemes and Challenges

A cornerstone of Trump's immigration policy is removing unlawful migrants out of the US and the promise of "mass deportations". To that effect, the defence department has said that it will provide military aircrafts to deport more than 5,000 people that have been detained by Border Patrol in San Diego and El Paso, Texas. ICE statistics show that over 1,000 people were removed or repatriated on Thursday, the fourth day of the Trump administration. Border czar Tom Homan has vowed that the deportations would increase steadily going forward. Over the weekend, Trump's deportation flights caused a brief diplomatic spat after Colombia's government barred two military planes carrying

Colombians deported from the US from landing. The country's president, Gustavo Petro, said that "the US can't treat Colombian migrants like criminals" and that they need to be "treated with dignity". His government, however, appears to have agreed to accept the flights after the Trump administration threatened Colombia with punitive tariffs. Trump has also moved to expand the scope of expedited deportations of undocumented migrants, reviving a policy under his first term that Biden had discontinued. Illegal immigration front and center as Trump signs his 1st bill into law, January 29, 2025. (Nadine Yousif, BBC News). Expedited removals were previously limited to areas within 100 miles (160km) of US international borders, and applied to those who did not request asylum or failed to show a legitimate case for

asylum. With Trump's changes, these removals can now occur anywhere in the US, and will apply to undocumented migrants who can't prove that they have been in the country for more than two years. Deportations are not unique to the Trump administration. Biden carried out deportations as well, with 271,000 immigrants deported to 192 countries in fiscal year 2024. In total, Biden carried out 1.5 million deportations in his four years, according to figures by the Migration Policy Institute. That is around the same that was carried out under Trump's first term. That number is lower than deportations carried out under Barack Obama's first term, which added up to a total of 2.9 million (Getty Images). Chicago homes and Colorado nightclub raided in immigration crackdown. A nationwide immigration crackdown on Sunday resulted in the arrest of 956 people, the most since Donald Trump returned to power, according to Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE). A number of federal agencies with newly expanded detention powers were involved in the raids in a number of cities including Chicago, Newark and Miami. Trump came to power after making mass deportations of undocumented immigrants a central campaign promise. His predecessor Joe Biden carried out an average of 311 immigration deportations daily, according to ICE, mostly individuals who had committed crimes. Since taking office, Trump has carried out 21 executive actions to overhaul the US immigration system (Ana Faguy, BBC News).

According to the Department of Homeland Security memo issued in January 2025, it suggested that authorities may strip parole status on a case by case basis. Without the programme's protection, participants would lose their work authorization and could find themselves subject to deportation. Republican leaders have argued the programme was illegal, but the Biden administration credited it with helping relieve pressure at the border by providing a legal pathway into the U.S. which is going to face contemporary challenges with the present Trump's administration since the number of immigrants trying to cross the border illegally is likely to increase as indicated by the CNN's by Priscilla Alvar and others who contributed the reports. Daily immigration arrests exceeded 1,000 for the first President time since Donald Trump took office Monday 20th and authorities said following an escalation across the country in recent days as part of what Trump has promised would be the "largest deportation operation" in U.S. history according to a Forbes Staff, Sara Dorn, a Forbes Staff news reporter who covers politics on 28 January 2025. The White House said the "largest deportation operation" in U.S. history was underway as remarked from 2023 according to The Associated Press. Immigration advocates have warned that during ICE raids other people, including citizens, could get caught in the cross-fire. Meanwhile, Homan has repeatedly said that undocumented people caught up in raids of criminals who are without documentation, will be deported too. On Sunday, in an interview with ABC News, Homan said he expected

arrest and deportation numbers to "steadily increase," and said the focus right now was "public safety threats, national security threats". The 956 reported arrests on Sunday follow 286 arrests on Saturday, 593 arrests on Friday and 538 arrests on Thursday. During Joe Biden's four years in office he carried out 1.5 million deportations, according to figures by the Migration Policy Institute. Those numbers mirror the deportation numbers in Trump's first term. (Priscilla Alvarez et al., January 2025). The Pentagon began deploying 1,500 active-duty troops to the border last week but it was unclear if they will break from supporting roles they have played under presidents since George W. Bush, including ground and aerial surveillance, building barriers and repairing vehicles. An 1878 law prohibits military involvement in civilian law enforcement, but Trump and his aides have signaled he may invoke wartime powers. Trump said in his order that the Defense Department can assist with detention and transportation. Trump stopped resettling refugees who are vetted abroad before entering the United States until further review, a program that he largely dismantled in his first term and was resurrected under Biden. Groups that provide temporary housing, job training and other support said the State Department told them Friday to stop work immediately. The Justice Department also told legal aid groups to stop work on federal programs that help people in immigration courts and detention centers navigate complex laws. Trump said he was ending automatic citizenship for children born on U.S. soil, a precedent established by constitutional amendment in 1868. A federal judge in Seattle has put it on hold. Associated Press writers Sonia Pérez D. in Guatemala City and Gisela Salomon in Miami contributed. (Elliot Spagat, 27 January, 2025).

In addition, the strategy of halting the processing of migrants and asylum seekers is very crucial in the EO where President Trump suspended the entry of all undocumented migrants to the US, and border patrol agents have been instructed to turn people away without granting them asylum hearings. Before the order, migrants were able to arrive at the U.S border and had the legal right to seek asylum. In June 2024, however, the Biden administration issued its own executive order that temporarily suspended the right to seek asylum for those who did not arrive at an official point of entry, or without an appointment using CBP One, a mobile application. In September, asylum restrictions were tightened further. Trump has also halted the US refugee resettlement programme. Under Biden in 2024, the US accepted more than 100,000 refugees - its highest since 1995. He also ended a major Biden-era programme that allowed up to 30,000 migrants per month from Cuba, Haiti, Nicaragua and Venezuela to fly into the US on humanitarian grounds. The "Remain in Mexico" policy from Trump's first-term will be reinstated as well. This forced non-Mexican asylum seekers to wait in Mexico until their asylum claims in the US were resolved. It impacted around 71,000 people under Trump's first term. (Charly

Triballeau/AFP/Getty Images, CNN, January 24, 2025). The controversial policy was regularly criticised by immigration advocates, who said that the migrants were often left in Mexico for months and sometimes were preyed upon by criminal gangs. There is an estimated backlog of 3.6m cases in US immigration courts, and migrants often have to wait years. Many have been left wondering whether those cases will still be heard. Trump has fired several top immigration court officials since taking office, however, which may impact the processing of those cases. (Getty Images). It further goes into cancelling existing migrants' appointments. These changes were felt immediately following the scrapping of the CBP One smartphone app, which migrants were able to use to schedule appointments with U.S border patrol agents previously launched by former President Biden Joe's administration as a way to organise and streamline the entry of migrants who are fleeing prosecution. Some 30,000 people were said to be stranded inside Mexico since the app was taken down - all of them with scheduled appointments that are now cancelled. About 270,000 migrants were estimated to be on the Mexican side of the border waiting to get appointments through the app, according to government figures obtained by CBS, the BBC's US partner. The move was met with anguish by migrants who had travelled long journeys to the border, and who had waited months to secure those appointments. Advocates say that, with its removal, there is now no practical pathway to protection for arriving migrants. However, the American Civil Liberties Union filed a legal challenge against the app's closure with proceedings pending (Charly Triballeau/AFP/Getty Images, CNN, January 24, 2025).

In addition, the construction of migrant shelters by Mexico is another targeted objective which may likely face serious challenges in the negotiation. However, Mexico is anticipating an influx of migrants from Trump's deportation orders, and has started building giant tent shelters in nine border cities to temporarily house them. Municipal official Enrique Licon of Ciudad Juárez - a city that borders El Paso, Texas - told Reuters that these shelters will be able to house thousands of people and should be ready in a few days, calling the effort "unprecedented". The shelters will provide people food, medical care and assistance in getting identification documents. A fleet of buses will also be at the ready to help transport Mexicans back to their hometowns. It is part of a larger effort called "Mexico Embraces You", a government-wide campaign to welcome citizens who may be deported from the US and help them reintegrate in their home country. Other nearby nations - like Guatemala - are launching similar efforts to absorb their deportees. But some have raised concerns about whether Mexico and others will be ready to handle the number of people that may be coming their way. Many of the migrants are also fleeing political turmoil or criminal violence in their home countries, raising questions about whether they'll be safe if they return (Getty Images).

Also, the intension of expanding the powers of ICE and carrying out raids is deemed necessary. Some of the EOs were signed with the aim of expanding ICE ability to arrest and detain unlawful migrants on U.S soil. One of them reverses a longstanding guideline that prohibited immigration raids in areas deemed "sensitive", such as schools, hospitals and churches. Another call for an expansion of a programme that allows ICE to delegate its immigration enforcement duties to state and local police was initiated as well. It remains unclear how many raids have taken place since Inauguration Day, but on 26 January alone 956 people were arrested by ICE and other agencies in locations including Chicago, Newark, New Jersey and Miami. For comparison, ICE detained more than 149,700 in the 2024 fiscal year under the Biden administration, which equals an average of 409 a day (Charly Triballeau/AFP/Getty Images, CNN, January 24, 2025). A new Justice Department memo outlines the Trump administration's plans to challenge so-called "sanctuary city" laws by threatening to prosecute state and local officials who resist the federal immigration crackdown, according to a copy of the document obtained by CNN. The three-page memo from acting Deputy Attorney General Emil Bove also says federal prosecutors who decline to prosecute those immigration cases will be reported immediately to the Justice Department for investigation and potential prosecution. "Federal law prohibits state and local actors from resisting, obstructing and otherwise failing to comply with lawful immigration-related commands and requests," the memo reads. "The U.S. Attorney's Offices and litigating components of the Department of Justice shall investigate incidents involving any such misconduct for potential prosecution." (Sanders asks RFK Jr. about his former org. selling anti-vaccine baby onesies, CNN, Associated Press). Furthermore, the U.S military have an important role to play in Trump's immigration crackdown of the EO by invoking the Insurrection Act at the border. That would allow him to use active-duty troops domestically for law enforcement. Officials have also started using military aircraft for deportation flights. Thousands of additional active-duty troops are being ordered to the US southern border. And that, officials say, is just the beginning. Trump issued an executive order stating he will decide within 90 days. In fact, the White House Press Secretary Karoline Leavitt shared this image Friday of handcuffed migrants boarding a military aircraft, stating: "Deportation flights have begun." as indicated on images above. Karoline/ noted that a law that dates back more than a century known as "posse comitatus" - bars active-duty US troops from domestic law enforcement without authorization. That's one reason why in recent years, military help at the border has been limited to more passive forms of assistance, such as surveillance and transportation. "What's being talked about now...is a different form of military assistance, and it's a real escalation," says Doris Meissner, a former commissioner of the US Immigration and Naturalization Service who now directs the US immigration policy program at the Migration Policy

Institute. "We don't know what's going to happen in the Defense Department, but where the career military has been concerned, over time, they have strongly, strongly resisted being asked to play roles such as those that are now being contemplated." We've seen troops sent to the border numerous times in the past, including in the Bush and Obama administrations. But they haven't been involved in arrests. The immigration advocacy group FWD.us projected there could be as many as 14.5 million immigrants without legal status or with temporary protections by January 2025, up from the 11 million in 2022. Of those, 10.1 million live with a U.S. citizen or permanent resident, what's known as a "mixed-status household." The figure suggests that a large-scale deportation initiative would likely split up families and could affect millions of U.S. citizens and permanent residents. At least 5.1 million U.S. citizen children live with an immigrant parent who lacks legal status, according to a FWD.us analysis of government data. (Sanders asks RFK Jr). Those families could face the prospect of relocating to another country together or be separated. Some 54% of immigrants in the U.S. illegally had lived in the country for more than 10 years as of 2022, according to the report by Center for Migration Studies of New York. About 25 percent had been in the country for less than five years.

However, anti-deportation reactions in U.S are becoming inevitable as indicated on images above. Protesters attend a pro-immigration rally as the Los Angeles City Council meets to consider adopting a "Sanctuary City" ordinance at City Hall in Los Angeles on November 19, 2024. Tensions between the federal government and sanctuary cities during the first Trump administration weren't just a matter of political sparring. At the start of his first term, Trump threatened to take federal funds from sanctuary jurisdictions in an executive order that was eventually blocked in court. His administration later conditioned some criminal justice-related grants on cooperation with immigration authorities. But prosecuting local officials would be a major escalation. The Trump administration also made another significant policy move this week that threatens spaces where undocumented immigrants once felt protected, rescinding the Immigration and Customs Enforcement policy that had previously blocked officers from making arrests at churches, hospitals and schools. "We are worried about the impact that this is going to have on families, on children and, frankly, on law enforcement. We depend a lot on the cooperation of people in the immigrant community to help us solve crimes, to be witnesses in cases, and we are very worried that losing that cooperation is really going to endanger public safety," New Mexico Attorney General Raúl Torrez told CNN's Laura Coates this week. (Daniel Cole/Reuters, November 19, 2024). There are certain countries that will be facing traveling bans according to executive orders. An executive order Trump signed ... paved the way for a new spate of travel bans. But we don't know yet which countries will be impacted. The

order directs officials to respond in 60 days with recommendations "identifying countries throughout the world for which vetting and screening information is so deficient as to warrant a partial or full suspension on the admission of nationals from those countries". At the beginning of the last Trump administration, we saw a ban that blocked travel for 90 days from seven Muslim-majority countries: Iraq, Syria, Iran, Libya, Somalia, Sudan and Yemen. The ban spurred protests in airports across the U.S and numerous legal challenges although not yet issued. But the EO laying the groundwork for them could have significant consequences, Chishti says. Many people in the country with temporary permission fall under overlapping programs. For example, the bulk of the people who arrived through one of the Biden-era humanitarian pathways were granted parole for two years. Many of them now also have Temporary Protected Status. Along with those who used the CBP One app to cross the southern border, they can also apply for asylum within the first year they are in the United States. (U.S. Department of Homeland Security).

CONCLUSION

Nevertheless, the above statistical analyses concerning the inevitable deportation of the identified immigrants resident in U.S. territorial spaces have to be taking into consideration by countries listed as specific recommendations to the Governments of the affected citizens are highly needed while receiving the deported victims right at the airports by the security officers. Whether they traveled through illegal means or whatsoever through transactional agencies, they are supposed to be received back home with specific preventive measures put in place. For example, in terms of security, those clandestine migrants who are citizens of their countries should be well checked at the airports and taking into a well confined settlement areas with investigations open to know the type of articles they were embarked on while hiding in American cities and States illegally. This will help the governments to provide supporting relief services before releasing them to be more valuable and offering voluntary services to their countries instead of becoming more dangerous to the community. Those who were involved in the agricultural sectors could be sent to the existing plantain farms and new large plantation estates opening to recruit them for efficient input and output thereby increasing productivities in crop production. It is true that the targeted countries may not be having heavy industries like those they were formerly working in American States even though undocumented, more efforts can be made in this sector to enable put in their manpower for more manufacturing from the skills they already acquired which can be very useful to their countries. In addition, the government should include several ministries to come out with special receiving deportation policy guidelines including the Ministries of Foreign Affairs, External Relations, Industrial and Technological Development, Professional and Vocational, Transport, Agriculture, Educations and Scientific Research and

Social Welfare. This is because some of the incoming Diasporas of those undocumented ranks may become more dangerous to the societies where they belong due to sense of frustration already at hand. In fact, those of them who committed family members in different ways to raise finances for their clandestine migratory destinations and promising to be paying back gradually are going to have much unbearable challenges. However, the U.S Presidential EOs directives and full application is going to affect all countries around the World whose citizens were spotted as indicated on statistical tables. The U.S once more as the Policeman of the World and Hyper Power will surely use its unchallenging capabilities to intensify and fuel more crisis and conflicts from more frustrations later to be experience by both the victimized citizens and their governments in attempts to search for concrete adaptable solutions. In fact, Great Fear and inevitable strategies to accommodate the undocumented citizens back home has been keeping both actors sleeplessly. Therefore, the 2025 U.S Presidential actions concerning the question of immigration, diasporas and related birth rights challenges and frequent frontiers controls is going to reshape the reflections of the actors to be thinking of more realistic societal agenda favourable in maintaining the younger generations not to be thinking only of searching greener pastures elsewhere across the continental borders but struggling to to be fully participative with a sense of belonging to the development of their communities and countries as a whole.

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