We report the case of a 4-year-old girl with a history of atresia of the esophagus, the ophthalmological examination found in the left eye an impregnable refraction, a normal eye tone, a dermoid cyst of the temporal limbus infiltrating the cornea with a symblepharon (figure 1 and 2), the lens is transparent and the fundus is normal.

In the right eye, we find a temporal symblepharon (figure 3), an anterior segment and fundus are normal.

General examination finds bilateral preauricular appendages and in the neck (Figure 4). A UBM reveals an echogenic temporal limbic process, poorly limited with cystic appearance that invades the underlying structures: cornea and sclera (Figure 5). She was treated by excision with an amniotic membrane.