Abbreviated Key Title: Sch J Med Case Rep ISSN 2347-9507 (Print) | ISSN 2347-6559 (Online) Journal homepage: https://saspublishers.com

Pulmonary Medicine

Deep Vein Thrombosis with Diffuse Alveolar Hemorrhage: An Uncommon Presentation of Acute Leukemia

Prasant Kunwar¹, Vicky Panjiyar^{1*}, Narayan Joshi¹, Mayank Mishra¹, Trilochan Panthee², Hari Gaire³, Janhawi Bhandari⁴

DOI: 10.36347/sjmcr.2023.v11i03.022 | **Received:** 11.02.2023 | **Accepted:** 16.03.2023 | **Published:** 18.03.2023

*Corresponding author: Vicky Panjiyar

Department of Pulmonary Medicine, AIIMS, Rishikesh, India

Abstract Case Report

Deep Vein Thrombosis with Diffuse Alveolar Hemorrhage is an uncommon Presentation of acute Leukemia. Early diagnosis of acute respiratory failure etiology in patients with Acute Leukemia and Pulmonary Infiltrates is essential. We report a case in a 51- years old male who presented with shortness of breath & DAH with no evidence of thromboembolism which let us evaluate him further leading to a diagnosis of DAH.

Keywords: Deep vein Thrombosis, Diffuse alveolar Hemorrhage, Acute Leukemia.

Copyright © 2023 The Author(s): This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (CC BY-NC 4.0) which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium for non-commercial use provided the original author and source are credited.

BACKGROUND

Diffuse alveolar hemorrhage (DAH) is a life-threatening condition characterized by acute hypoxic respiratory failure, hemoptysis, and anemia. Deep venous thromboembolism (DVT) and DAH are uncommon presentations of acute leukemia.

CASE STUDY

57 years male, daily wage worker, smoker, previously healthy presented with shortness of breath & cough with blood admixed sputum since 3 days in emergency with history of right leg pain since 3 weeks, evaluated outside as DVT & started on warfarin. CTPA was done which showed signs suggestive of diffuse alveolar hemorrhage with no evidence of pulmonary thromboembolism. Laboratory data significant for leukemia: TLC 68,000, 88%blast cells, high nucleocytoplasmic ratio. Patient had poor ECOG score 4 and worsening dyspnea for which he was intubated & managed as per hospital protocol. Inspite of our best efforts, he passed away 48 hours post admission.

DISCUSSION

DAH is a clinical syndrome defined by a disturbance of the alveolar-capillary basement membrane that causes bleeding into the pulmonary alveoli. In leukemia, secondary infection is the most

common cause of presentation and mortality. But, DAH is one among the many uncommon, noninfectious complications, and carries a grave prognosis if present Clinical presentation may include fever, dyspnea, cough, hemoptysis and radiographic infiltrates, all suggestive of pneumonia. However, work-up and cultures are usually negative in this condition owing to lack of an infectious process. In our patient, he deteriorated despite being on adequate antimicrobial coverage which led to have a high degree of suspicion when there are unexplained alveolar infiltrates which led us to evaluate him further leading to a diagnosis of DAH.

CONCLUSION

Early recognition of acute respiratory failure etiology in patients with leukemia and pulmonary infiltrates is essential. Less common but DAH should always be on the differential as early identification and treatment can likely improve outcomes.

REFERENCES

• Aydin, M., Flenaugh, E. L., & Nichols, M. (2005). Hemoptysis, anemia and respiratory failure: a rare initial presentation of acute leukemia. *Journal of the National Medical Association*, 97(11), 1550.

¹Department of Pulmonary Medicine, AIIMS, Rishikesh, India

²Department of Radiodiagnosis, AIIMS, Rishikesh, India

³Department of Pediatric Medicine, AIIMS, Rishikesh, India

⁴Department of Obstetrics & Gynecology, AIIMS, Rishikesh, India

- Azoulay, É., Fieux, F., Moreau, D., Thiery, G., Rousselot, P., Parrot, A., ... & Schlemmer, B. (2003). Acute monocytic leukemia presenting as acute respiratory failure. American journal of respiratory and critical care medicine, 167(10), 1329-1333.
- Maini, R., Regmi, M. R., Tandan, N., Parajuli, P., & Garcia, O. E. L. (2020). Dyspnea in Acute Myeloid Leukemia–An Uncommon Presentation of
- Diffuse Alveolar Hemorrhage. Archives of Clinical and Medical Case Reports, 4(4), 645-648.
- Parmar, M., Gupta, S., Hussain, S., & Abdo, T. (2021). DIFFUSE ALVEOLAR HEMORRHAGE:
 A RARE COMPLICATION OF ACUTE MYELOID LEUKEMIA. Chest, 160(4), A2093.
- Tanzil, R., & Saleem, M. M. (2022). A case report on acute myeloid leukemia presenting as diffuse alveolar hemorrhage. *Chest*, 161(6), A590.